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**Heterogeneity of the Cr isotopes in physically separated components of the Allende CV3 chondrite.**

Kadlag\* Y., Harbott A. and Becker H.

\*Institute für Geologische Wissenschaften, Freie Universität Berlin, Malteserstrasse 74-100, D-12249 Berlin, Germany [yogita@zedat.fu-berlin.de](mailto:yogita@zedat.fu-berlin.de).

To constrain the origin of differences in  $\epsilon^{53}\text{Cr}$  and  $\epsilon^{54}\text{Cr}$  in bulk rocks of carbonaceous chondrites [1, 2], Cr isotopes were analyzed in physically separated components of Allende using the Triton TIMS at FUB.

Physically separated components of Allende show  $^{55}\text{Mn}/^{52}\text{Cr}$  variations from 0.37 to 1.90. Most of these components display variations in  $\epsilon^{53}\text{Cr}$  (and  $\epsilon^{54}\text{Cr}$ ), which are independent of their Mn/Cr. These variations result from either i) redistribution of Mn and/or Cr, and/or ii) heterogeneity of initial  $^{53}\text{Mn}/^{55}\text{Mn}$  in different components. A chondrule fraction displays the lowest Mn/Cr and also the lowest  $\epsilon^{53}\text{Cr}$  and  $\epsilon^{54}\text{Cr}$ , presumably because of the evaporation of anomalous  $^{53}\text{Cr}$  and  $^{54}\text{Cr}$  carriers during thermal processing in the solar nebula. The latter processes may be a main cause for the variations in Mn/Cr,  $\epsilon^{53}\text{Cr}$  and  $\epsilon^{54}\text{Cr}$  in bulk rocks of some carbonaceous chondrites.

[1] Shukolyukov and Lugmair (2006) EPSL 250, 200–213. [2] Trinquier A., Birck J-L. & Allège C. J. (2007) APJ 655, 1179-1185.

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