#0220

¹⁸⁰W anomalies in iron meteorites and the distribution of p-process isotopes in meteorites

Cook*, D.L., Kruijer, T.S., Kleine, T., *Institut für Planetologie, Westfälische Wilhelms-Universität, 48149 Münster, Germany, d.cook@uni-muenster.de

A recent report [1] found excesses of ¹⁸⁰W in several magmatic iron meteorite groups which were interpreted to reflect a heterogeneous distribution of p-process W isotopes in the early solar nebula. We have measured W isotopes in IIAB, IID, IVA, and IVB magmatic irons, as well as one ungrouped iron and metal from the CB chondrite Gujba. We find resovable ¹⁸⁰W excesses only in IVB irons. These excesses are variable; thus, they are inconsistent with a nucleosynthetic origin. The results for IID irons are consistent with the possible effects on ¹⁸⁰W from secondary neutron capture effects. We also confirm the presence of the previously reported [2] small deficit in ¹⁸⁴W in IVB irons, consistent with an s-deficit in W isotopes in this group. This s-deficit causes a small positive shift in 180W, but the magnitude is insufficient to explain the observed variations. The origin of the ¹⁸⁰W variations in IVB irons remains enigmatic but must be related to processes on the IVB parent body.

[1] Schulz T. & Münker C. (2010) 73rd Met. Soc. #5116. [2] Qin et al. (2008) ApJ 674, 1234-1241.

+ -

Cite abstract as:

Cook, D.L., Kruijer, T.S., Kleine, T. (2012) 180W anomalies in iron meteorites and the distribution of p-process isotopes in meteorites. Paneth Kolloquium, Nördlingen (Germany), abstract URL: http://www.paneth.eu/PanethKolloquium/2012/0220.pdf (abstract #0220).